Competence in Solids



DensFlow

Flow-Measurement for Densephase-Conveying





1 SYSTEM OVERVIEW	3
2 FUNCTION	3
3 SAFETY	4
3.1 Regular Use	4
3.2 Identification of Dangers	4
3.3 Operational Safety	4
3.4 Technical Progress	4
4 MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION	5
4.1 Delivery Range	5
4.2 Auxiliary	5
4.3 Mounting of the Measuring Pipe	5
4.4 Overview of the Connection of the Senor Pipe and Evaluation Unit	7
5 COMMISSIONING	9
6 MENU STRUCTURE OF DENSFLOW	11
7 MENU PARAMETERS OF THE SYSTEM IN DETAIL	12
8 MAINTENANCE	16
9 WARRANTY	16
10 TROUBLE SHOOTING	16
11 TECHNICAL DATA	17



1 System Overview

Overview of the measuring system



Sensor (Measuring Pipe)

Evaluation Unit

2 Function

- DensFlow is a measuring system especially developed for measuring the flow rate of conveyed solids in densephase.
- DensFlow is working according to the latest microprocessor technology. By special capacitive linking of an electromagnetic wave a homogeneous measuring field is produced in the pipe.
- The electromagnetic wave brought into the pipe is reciprocally acting with the solid particles. These signals are evaluated in frequency and amplitude.
- The measurement of the solid speed is done by means of correlation. Two capacitive sensors are used for the production of the correlation signals.
- A complete measuring unit consists of the sensor (measuring pipe) and the evaluation unit.



Fig. 2: Coupling of the microwaves



3 Safety

 The measuring system DensFlow was designed, built and tested to be safe and was shipped in safe condition. Nevertheless persons or objects may be endangered by components of the system if these are operated in an inexpert manner. Therefore the operational instructions must be read completely and the safety notes must be followed.

In case of inexpert or irregular use, the manufacturer will refuse any liability or guarantee.

3.1 Regular Use

- The measuring system must be installed for measuring the flow rate only. Other usage and modifications of the measuring system are not permitted.
- Only original spare parts and accessories of SWR engineering must be used.
- In order to prevent defects on the electronics, caused by e.g. electrostatic surge, the flow velocity has to be below 50 m/s (e.g. free-blowing backwards).

3.2 Identification of Dangers

• Possible dangers when using the measuring system are marked by the following symbols in the operating instructions:

Warning!

• This symbol in the operating instructions marks actions, which may represent a danger for life and limb of persons when carried out in an inexpert manner.

Attention!

• All actions which may endanger objects are marked with this symbol in the operating instructions.

3.3 Operational Safety

- The measuring system must be installed by trained and authorised personnel only.
- Switch off the supply voltage for all maintenance, cleaning or inspection works on the tubes or on components of the DensFlow. Follow the notes of the chapter maintenance.
- The components and electrical connections must be checked for damages regularly. If a damage is found, it is to be repaired before further operation of the instruments.

3.4 Technical Progress

• The manufacturer reserves the right to adapt technical data to the technical progress without particular advance notice. If you have any questions, SWR engineering will be pleased to inform you on possible changes and extensions of the operating instructions.





4 Mounting and Installation

4.1 Delivery Range

- Measuring instrument in a 19"-rack system.
- Sensor for installation into the pipe.
- Seal-ring for adjustment to the pipe.
- Operating instructions.

4.2 Auxiliary

- Appropriate wrench or ring wrench for screwing.
- Tools for adjusting the wiring.

4.3 Mounting of the Measuring Pipe

- The sensor is to be mounted as follows:
- Determine the place of mounting on the pipe. On horizontal or inclined pipes the sensor should be mounted from top.
- Follow the necessary distances of valves, bows, fans or cellular wheel sluices etc. and also other measurement devices like temperature and pressure etc. to the sensor (see fig. 3).

The mounting has to be in a vertical position.



Fig. 3: Minimal distances of the sensor to pipe bends and baffles.





WARNING !

Before the installation you have to check, if there is a burr, a disalignment or a seal in the intersection of the pipe and measuring sensor. If so, these resistances in the pipe must be removed.



Fig. 4: Installation of the sensor accommodation.

• The electronic equipment should be installed at a maximum distance of 300 m from the sensor. The housing is prepared for the 19"-rack system.





4.4 Overview of the Connection of the Senor Pipe and Evaluation Unit



Fig. 5: Wiring of the Sensor Pipe and Measuring Instrument

A maximum length of 300 m of the sensor cable should not be exceeded. A 5-wired cable is needed between sensor and evaluation unit.



Electrical Connection



• Fig. 6: Electrical Connection

Evaluation Unit			
Terminal No.		Connection	
Connection of the Sup		oly Voltage	
2a/c + 4a/c		Input Supply Voltage +24 V DC	
6a/c + 8a/c		Input Supply Voltage GND	
Connections			
R\$485	10a	RS 485 Data A	
110405	12a	RS 485 Data B	
Throughput	16c	Output 420mA +	
moughput	16a	Output 420mA – (GND)	
Density	18c	Output 420mA +	
Density	18a	Output 420mA – (GND)	
Velocity	20c	Output 420mA +	
velocity	20a	Output 420mA – (GND)	
	12c	Density	020mA
	22c	Velocity A	020mA
Sensor	24c	Velocity B	020mA
	28a/c	Output Supply Voltage +24V	+24V DC
	32a/c	Output Supply Voltage 0V	GND



5 Commissioning

- For start-up the measurement system it is necessary to adjust the sensor. After switching on the power supply there is at least a warm-up time of 5 minutes required before any adjustment starts. Please check again :
 - The correct cabling between sensor and the evaluation unit.
 - The correct adjustment of the sensor pipe.

Commissioning DensFlow

For start-up the se	ensor has to be calibrated and parameterized to each product, which will be measured. It is necessary to assign the mass flow to the display and initial value. The menu functions are mostly self-explaining. Following a short introduction to the overview: By leaving the menu level and confirming the memory function all values changed are transferred.		
Basic Function	At least a two-point-calibration (normally min and max) are sufficient for measuring the density function. Enter the data in menu 3.5 and 3.6. The velocity measurement is firmly defined as an absolute measurement by the distance of the sensor plates and does not have to be calibrated.		
Min-Point	Set point 1 to 0, when the mass flow is shut down and the measuring pipe is empty , calibrate this point now.		
Max-Point	Set point 2 to known maximum flow rate with normal conveying and calibrate as well. This value can be adjusted later on when weighing by adjustment of correction factor 2.6. Thus the basic function of the measuring system is given and it is now ready for operation		
Adjustment	See menu 2, point 1 to 6 for the adjustments to the individual local conditions regarding material, measuring units, etc.		
Analog Output 1	is firmly configured for the measuring of the throughput. The measuring range is adjusted in menu point 2.2. 0 = 4 mA Max = 20 mA		
Analog Output 2	is firmly configured for the measuring of the velocity. The measuring range is adjusted in menu point 2.1. 0 = 4mA Max = 20mA		
Analog Output 3	is firmly configured for the measuring of the velocity. The measuring range is fix adjusted to 0 m/s = 4 mA 10 m/s = 20 mA		



Average	The measuring range filter is used for the adjustment to slower working devices or for a continuous output of the analog output. Menu point 2.3 for velocity and Menu point 2.4 for density.
Storage	Adjusted values are confirmed by pressing the ENTER- button. Leaving the menu level by pressing the ESC- button. All changes are automatically stored and the new values are set as standard.

Suggestion for the Calibration Procedure:

Step 1	Input of the requested throughput value of the final value of the measuring rang in menu point 2.2			
	e	e.g.:	20mA = 20000 Kg/h	
Step 2	Input of the requested	ed dens	ity value of the final value of the measuring range in	
		e.g.:	20mA = 800 Kg/m ³	
Step 3	Alignment of the minimum density value with empty pipe. min = 0 kg/m ³ in menu point 3.5			
Step 4	Alignment of the maximum density value by complete filled pipe (e.g. 800 kg/m ³) in menu point 3.6			
Step 5	Input the diameter of the pipe in menu point 2.5			
Step 6	Conveying of the product on maximum throughput rate over a constant time interval (e.g. 10 min.). During this time period the throughput must not change.			
Step 7	Measurement of the throughput quantity by weighing.			
Step 8	Calculation of the co	orrection	n factor by differentiation Value measured	
	Correction factor =	or =	Value weighted	
Step 9	Correction of the measured value by entering the correction factor in menu point 2.6			



6 Menu Structure of DensFlow





7 Menu Parameters of the System in Detail

1. Display of the Measured Values	2. Options	3. Diagnosis
1.1 - Density	2.1 - Density measuring range [kg/m ³]	3.1 - A/D-1 (Density)
1.2 - Throughput	2.2 - Throughput measuring range [kg/h]	3.2 - A/D-2 (Velocity)
1.3 - Velocity	2.3 - Average velocity	3.3 - Current output (mA – preset)
1.4 - Totalisator	2.4 - Average density	3.4 - Density min value
	2.5 - Pipe diameter [mm]	3.5 - Density max value
	2.6 - Correction factor	3.6 - Velocity measur- ing range [m/s]
	2.7 - Send parameters	3.7 - DAC-Calibration
	2.8 - Language	3.8 - Slave Adress

Use of the Evaluation Unit by:

ENTER-button	à Selection and Confirming
UP- / DN-button	à Changing
ESC-button	à Backwards

1.0 Display:

- 1.1 Display of the measured density in kg/m³
- 1.2 Display of the calculated throughput from density and velocity [kg/h]
- 1.3 Display of the measured velocity in m/s
- 1.4 Display of the total flowrate since last reset





2. C P	Pptions: Press ENTER Button	OPTIONS		
2.1	Entry of the density measuring range in 50 kg/m ³ - steps.	Density Range = 800 [Kg/m ³]		
2.2	Entry of the throughput range in 100 kg/m ³ - steps. Final value of measuring range [kg/h] = 20mA	Throughput Range = 20000 Kg/h		
2.3	Entry of the average time for the velocity (0120s) à Damping of the signal	Average V = 10s [25]		
2.4	Entry of the average time for the density (0120s) à Damping of the signal	Average D = 10s [25]		
	Let a set			
2.5	Entry of the pipe diameter in mm. Necessary for the correct calculation of the quantity.	Pipe Diameter = 32.0 mm		
2.6	Entry of the correction factor for the throughput (0.110) Here the value received can be corrected	Correction Factor = 1.0		
	ateron by changing the preset value to 1.			
2.7	Send parameter	[]		
	By pressing YES the parameters factor correction, throughput range, density measuring range will be send via RS485 interface to all connected instruments.	Parameter send = No / Yes		
2.8	Select Language	Г		
	between German and English	Language English		







Offset Calibration for 4 mA output 2 (density)

Span Calibration for 20 mA output 1 (throughput)

Span Calibration for 20 mA output 2 (density)

3.8 Slave Adress select slave adress for ModBus - comunication Of's DAC2 +0

DAC-Calibration

DAC-Calibration V DAC1 +1

DAC-Calibration V DAC2 +1

> Slave Adress 001

TOTALISATOR 1,0 Kg

TOTALISATOR Reset: 'NO'

> TOTALISATOR H: 1,0 Kg

Totalisator

with the totalisator function it is possible to monitor entire flow rate since the last reset of the Totalisator

A RESET of the counts can be accomplished over pressing the ENTER and selection of YES or NO with UP / DOWN button.

Stop Totalisator press ESC





8 Maintenance

• Warning!

- Danger of shock with opened housing!
- Switch off the supply voltage for all maintenance or repair works on the measuring system. The pipe must not be in operation during a sensor exchange.
- Repair and maintenance work must be carried out by trained or expert personnel only.

9 Warranty

Warranty is granted for one year starting from delivery date under the condition that the operational instructions have been followed, no interventions on the appliances have been made and the components of the system show no mechanical damage or wear resistance.

In case of a defect during the warranty period, defective components are repaired or are replaced free of charge. Replaced parts turn into the property of SWR. If desired by the customer that the parts should be repaired or replaced in its factory, then the customer has to take over the costs for the SWR-service staff.

SWR is not responsible for damage, which did not develop at the delivery article; especially SWR is not responsible for escaped profit or other financial damages of the customer.

10 Trouble shooting



• Warning!

The electrical installation must only be checked by expert personnel.

Problem	Cause	Measure
Measuring system does not work.	Power supply interrupted.	Check the power supply.
	Break of a cable. Fuse defective.	Check the connecting cables for a possible break of a cable.
	Device defective.	Exchange the fuse in the field housing .
Measuring system outputs wrong values	Calibration not correct.	Delete input signal correction, new calibration according to section 6.
	Calibration shifted by abrasion on front end of sensor.	Delete input signal correction, new calibration according to section 6.
Relay flickering	Hysteresis too small.	Increase hysteresis, check effects caused by external devices.

Do not open, as otherwise the warranty claim expires!



11 Technical Data

Sensor Pipe		
Housing:	Steel St52, powder-coated	
	(stainless steel 1.4541) option	
	NW 10250, Flange DIN 2576	
Inner pipe:	Ceramics, POM, PTFE	
Protection category:	IP65	
Operating temperature:	Sensor pipe: -20+ 120 °C	
	Option:-20+ 220 °CSensor electronic:0+ 60 °C	
Max. working pressure:	10 bar, option20 bar	
Max. accept. flow velocity	50 m/s	
Working frequency:	100kHz	
Transmitting power:	max. 2 mW	
Weight:	Depending on nominal size	
Dimension:	Ø NW + 90mm, L 500mm	
Accuracy:	+/- 25% in calibrated range	
Evaluation Unit		
Supply voltage:	24V DC	
Power consumption:	12 W	
Operating temperature:	–10+45 °C	
Dimension:	19"-rack system, 3HE, 28TE, L=227mm	
Weight:	approx. 0.7 kg	
Additional Data:		
Input:	2 x Velocity 020mA or 010V	
	1 x Density 020mA	
	1 x PFM-Input 14V, Imax 35mA, 303kHz	
Connections:	Connector (DIN 41612)	
	Type B, 32-pol., connector	
Current output:	Throughput: : 420mA	
	Density : 420mA	
	Velocity : 420mA	
	Load < 500 Ω	
Serial output:	RS232 / 485, MOD-Bus-Protocol	
	Sub-D 9-pol., connector	
Control unit:	LCD-Display, lighted, 16 x 2 digits	
	4 x push buttons	
Data storage:	EEPROM	



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